

HTML <dfn> Definition Tag

Description, syntax, usage, attributes and examples of the HTML <dfn> tag HTML-5.com is a great guide for web developers. [TV Series & Actors and Actresses](#). Follow [TV Series](#) and [HTML 5](#) on Google+.

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The <dfn> Tag in HTML 5

The <dfn> tag encloses the defining instance of a term in HTML. The **dfn** element is one of the [phrase elements in HTML](#). The defining instance is often the first use of the term, and is found in the same paragraph or list item along with the definition of the term.

The term that is being defined should be coded inside the <dfn> tag and can be any one of the following:

- the content of the **dfn** element between the <dfn> start tag without a **title** attribute and the </dfn> end tag
- the **title** attribute of the <dfn> tag
- the **title** attribute of an <abbr> tag that is the sole content (no other tags or text nodes) of the **dfn** element

Definition List

Note that a <dfn>description list</dfn> (formerly known as a <dfn>definition list</dfn>) is *not* an alternative to the **dfn** element. To create a definition list, combine the [dl element](#) with the definition tag as in this example:

Term: <dfn><dl> tag</dfn>

Definition: The <dl> tag is used to code a [description list](#) consisting of [description terms](#) alternating with groups of one or more [detail descriptions](#).

Term: <dfn><dt> tag</dfn>

Definition: The <dt> tag is used to code a [description term](#) in a [description list](#), leading into one or more [detail description](#) elements.

Term: <dfn><dd> tag</dfn>

Definition: The <dd> [detail description tag](#) is used to code the description of an item inside a [dl element](#) for a [description list](#).

This is an actual working example of the [<dfn> tag example code](#) below. In most HTML 5 browsers such as Firefox and Opera, the text inside the **dfn** element will be in an italic font, except for WebKit browsers such as Chrome and Safari which display it in an upright font.

Incorrect use of the <dfn> tag and title attribute

Note that many HTML pages and even a significant number of examples on the web *misuse* the `title` attribute for the definition of the term when it is supposed to be the term that is being defined. For example, the following is *incorrect*:

```
A bad example <dfn title="For Those Wondering"><abbr>FTW</abbr></dfn>
```

The reason this is not correct is because "For Those Wondering" is the meaning of the acronym "FTW", rather than the *term* being defined. See the [examples of the <abbr> tag](#) for correct use of the <dfn> tag with the [<abbr> tag](#).

Using the <dfn> tag to define an acronym or abbreviation

The value of the `title` attribute should be the term that is being defined. When there is an acronym or abbreviation involved, whether the acronym or its expansion appears in the `title` tag depends on whether it's the abbreviated form or its expanded meaning that is being defined.

When an abbreviation is a short form of the actual term that is being defined, the `title` attribute should *not* be the acronym or abbreviation that stands for the subject of the definition but rather its fully expanded meaning. Since this is the same purpose that the `title` attribute of the [<abbr> tag](#) serves, the title can simply be coded there:

```
<dfn><abbr title="Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and
Numbers">ICANN</abbr></dfn>
is the international organization which helps ensure that
Internet domain names are assigned in an orderly manner.
```

When an acronym's meaning is being clarified by expanding it, then it is the acronym itself that is being defined and the `title` attribute of the parent `<dfn>` tag also needs to be coded to indicate it is not the expanded meaning in the [<abbr> tag](#)'s title but the acronym or abbreviation itself that is being defined:

```
When we use the acronym
<dfn title="RSS"><abbr title="Really Simple Syndication">RSS</abbr></dfn>
it is the abbreviation for <b>Really Simple Syndication</b>, not RDF Site
Summary.
```

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<dfn> Tag Syntax

```
<a mode="pre" href="../body-tag/index.html#syntax"><body></a>
...
<a mode="pre" href="../html-tag-list.html#phrasing-content-model">... phrasing content expected
...
</body>
```

Rules for coding HTML `dfn` elements

Make sure you understand the [difference between a tag and element](#) and are familiar with the [definitions](#) of [namespace](#) and other [HTML terms](#).

- Code the `dfn` element where [phrasing content](#) is expected.
- Begin the `dfn` element for a definition with a starting `<dfn>` tag. The element name uses lower case letters and should be in the [HTML namespace](#), which it will pick up automatically from the `xmlns` attribute on the `<html>` tag.

- Optionally code an `id` attribute to allow referring back to the defining instance of the term.
- Unless the content of the `<dfn>` tag is a simple text node with the exact term being defined, include a `title` attribute on the `<dfn>` tag with the term being defined (see the second [example of the <dfn> tag](#) where the term being defined is "blog" but the text content of the `<dfn>` tag is "blog or weblog").
- Include the term being defined as the content within the tags.
- End the `dfn` element with a matching `</dfn>` closing tag.
- Include the definition of the term in the same paragraph or list item outside the `<dfn>` tag.

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<dfn> Tag Attributes

Attributes of the <dfn> tag

global attributes	In addition to the personal attributes of the <code><dfn></code> tag below, any of the common HTML attributes can also be coded.
<code>id</code>	Including an <code>id</code> attribute allows additional uses of the same term to refer back to the defining instance of the term, without having to include the definition again.
<code>title</code>	The <code>title</code> attribute identifies the term that is being defined. Do <i>not</i> use the <code>title</code> tag for the definition of the term or for the expanded meaning of an acronym or abbreviation when it is simply being expanded in the text that follows. Unlike the common attribute of the same name, the <code>title</code> attribute of the <code><dfn></code> tag does <i>not</i> inherit its value from an ancestor tag. However, the <code>title</code> attribute of a child <code><abbr></code> tag will be used, which is appropriate when the term being defined is the expanded meaning of an acronym or abbreviation rather than the abbreviation itself.

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<dfn> Tag Examples

Examples of the `dfn` tag in HTML 5

Simple inline definition

In the following example, the term being defined is the content of the `<dfn>` tag. Whenever a term is used it can refer back to the definition using an [<a> tag](#):

```
<p><dfn id="definition-of-love">Love</dfn> is a strong passionate feeling
```

```
for another person. I <a href="#definition-of-love">love</a> you.</p>
```

The value of the `<a href>` attribute starts with a hash symbol (#) indicating that it is a fragment identifier pointing to another location in the same page.

An example where the term being defined is specified in the `title` attribute:

```
A <dfn id="blog-dfn" title="blog">blog or weblog</dfn> is an online journal.
```

Examples where the term being defined is an acronym or its meaning

```
<p>An <dfn id="acronym-dictionary" title="acronym dictionary">
  <a href="http://www.Acronyms.net/dictionary.html">acronym dictionary</a></dfn>
  provides a list of possible definitions of an acronym.
  An <dfn id="acronym-finder" title="acronym finder">
  <a href="http://www.Acronyms.net/finder.html">acronym finder</a></dfn>
  is the opposite of an <a href="#acronym-dictionary">acronym dictionary</a> and
  does just what it's name says - it helps find the acronym that can be used as
  the abbreviation for a given term based on keywords in the acronym definition.
</p>
```

An `<dfn id="acronym-dictionary" title="acronym dictionary">` [acronym dictionary](#)`</dfn>` provides a list of possible definitions of an acronym. An `<dfn id="acronym-finder" title="acronym finder">` [acronym finder](#)`</dfn>` is the opposite of an [acronym dictionary](#) and does just what its name says - it helps find the acronym that can be used as the abbreviation for a given term based on keywords in the acronym definition.

Definition list with dl element and dfn elements

```
<dl>
  <dt>Term: <b mode="pre"><dfn></b> &lt;dl&gt; tag<b mode="pre"></dfn></b> </dt>
  <dd>Definition: The &lt;dl&gt; tag is used to code a description list
  consisting
  of description terms alternating with groups of one or more detail
  descriptions.</dd>
  <dt>Term: <b mode="pre"><dfn></b> &lt;dt&gt; tag<b mode="pre"></dfn></b> </dt>
  <dd>Definition: The &lt;dt&gt; tag is used to code a description term
  in a description list, leading into one or more detail description
  elements.</dd>
  <dt>Term: <b mode="pre"><dfn></b> &lt;dd&gt; tag<b mode="pre"></dfn></b> </dt>
  <dd>Definition: The &lt;dd&gt; detail description tag is used to code the
  description of an item inside a <b>dl</b> element for a description list.</dd>
</dl>
```

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Changes in HTML 5 - <dfn> Tag

What's new in HTML 5

Differences between HTML 5 and earlier versions of HTML

The [2000-2010 Recommendations from the W3C HTML Working Group](#) defined the [HTML namespace](#) for the `dfn` element type name along with the names of all [HTML element types](#). In older (pre-2000) [versions of HTML](#), element type names were not associated with a namespace.

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THE END